Exam Date

10/21/2015

HISTORY: Twisting injury. Large effusion. Lateral joint line pain.

TECHNICAL FACTORS: Long- and short-axis fat- and water-weighted images were performed.

FINDINGS: Small to moderate effusion is demonstrated. ACL, PCL, LCL, MCL, flexor mechanism, and extensor mechanism are intact. Postsurgical change involves the proximal tibia. Medial and lateral menisci are intact. Thickened, inflamed, MCL for which low- to intermediate-grade sprain is favored. Signal within the ACL for which low-grade sprain is favored. Abnormal signal within the posterolateral tibia for which an impaction fracture is favored.

CONCLUSION:

- 1. Impaction fracture involves the posterolateral tibia.
- 2. Hemarthrosis.
- 3. Low-grade MCL sprain and anteromedial capsuloretinacular sprain.
- 4. ACL sprain. No tear.
- 5. Postsurgical change involves the fibula and proximal tibia.
- 6. Please see above.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide your interpretation.

Bert Marin-

Gilbert H. Maulsby, MD

GHM/kf D: GM 10/21/2015 9:44 PM T: KF 10/21/2015 10:19 PM

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